Paradigmatic Shifts in Exploration Process

• The Role of Industry-Academia Collaborative Research and Development in Discovering the Next Generation of Uranium Deposits

Jim Marlatt, Raven Minerals Corp. Kurt Kyser, Queen's Facility for Isotope Research

Exploration Companies



Global Exploration

- In 2008 over 900 companies claimed an interest in over 3000 uranium project worldwide
- From 2004-2008 an estimated \$3.2 billion was expended on uranium exploration
- Brand new, larger, higher grade <u>economic</u> deposits have not been discovered

Deposit Discoveries



Saskatchewan

- Over 100 companies claimed some sort of interest in over 200 uranium exploration projects
- From 2000-2009 about \$650 million has been expended on uranium exploration
- Brand new, larger, higher grade <u>economic</u> deposits have not been discovered



Where are the new economic uranium deposits?

An Industry in Crisis

- two decades of exploration has not lead to the discovery of large, new, higher grade <u>economic</u> uranium deposits
- this is interpreted as a severe and prolonged anomaly
- we call this is an emerging crisis
 - we call on the need for a paradigm shift in exploration process for new discoveries

Athabasca Exemplar: **Evidence of Crisis from** the Athabasca Learning Curve

(Adapted from the framework developed in: Harris, D.P., Zaluski, G., Marlatt, J.
A method for the selection of exploration areas for unconformity uranium deposits.
Natural Resources Research 2009; 18:109-136.)



Cumulative Exploration Expenditures (\$ Billion)

Athabasca Analysis

- 1.54 billion economic lbs U3O8 (830,000 tonnes U) discovered at a cost of CDN\$ 1.6 billion (1997 \$)
- Total basin endowment is estimated at about 2.2 billion lbs U3O8 (1.2 m tonnes U)
- About 650 million lbs U3O8 (350,000 tonnes U) available for discovery on the second learning curve

ranium Deposits Discoveries on the 2nd Learning Curv

Best Single Point Estimate

80 million lbs expected for \$150 investment



Athabasca Analysis

- future incremental investment of \$150 million should lead to a deposit with an average size of 80 million economic lbs U3O8 (43,000 tonnes U)
- An expenditure of \$650 million or 4 times this amount over ten years has yielded no new <u>economic</u> discoveries
- This is a severe and prolonged anomaly

Athabasca Summary

- The absence of economic discovery represents a severe and prolonged anomaly
- The play is mature, heavily explored, depleting & is not responding to conventional exploration approaches in a timely & cost effective fashion
- The recognition of ineffective exploration signals the need to shift to a new learning curve for discovery: A paradigm shift

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Industry-Academia Collaborative Research and Paradigm Shifts in Exploration Process

- The Past: Prospector Driven Exploration
- The Present: Model Driven Exploration
- The Future: Research / Technology Driven Exploration

Probability of Economic Discovery

Exploration Sequence	Exploration Targets
conceptual drill targets	10,000
reconnaissance drill tests	1,000
showings	100
advanced projects	10
pre-feasibility	3
feasibility	1.5
economic deposit	1

Exploration Risk





Do deposits exist in the geological terrain?

Prospectivity

Does the enterprise have the technology to search for and discovery these deposits?

Can the enterprise develop new technologies?

Example of Collaborative Research





Cumulative Exploration Expenditures (\$ Billion)





Supporting R&D

- Management needs to turn the current business model upside down: Adopt R&D as a top priority in the exploration enterprise
- Management needs to identify and support rare Creative Leaders
- Leaders need to develop the sustainable industryacademia collaborative system
- Leaders need to be adept at nurturing cultural acceptance of R&D outcomes as a change



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